

Amendments to the Specification

Please amend the specification as follows.

Page 1 delete the third paragraph and insert therefore the following:

The present gun model with protruding hammer, differently from hammerless guns which can only shot under double action, can also shot under single action, when the gun is previously cocked by the thumb, acting over the corresponding serrated part surface of the hammer. Therefore, the safety device object of the invention can be actuated by means of a special key, be the gun uncocked (resting hammer) or cocked for single action shot. In both situations, the circular head of the safety which is located in the hammer should be turned 180° clockwise by means of the special key. This will cause the lifting of the safety head, making it protuberate with relation to the serrated surface of the hammer, thus defining gun deactivation, both visually and by touch. Hammer movements being restrained cause said deactivation.

Page 2, delete the third paragraph and insert therefore the following:

The safety when activated and therefore protuberant from the hammer when turned 180° clockwise by means of the special key can be deactivated by the same key under any of the mentioned situations, by simply turning it 180° anticlockwise, when it will again be inserted in the corresponding lodging until its head matches the serrated surface of the hammer. Said axial movement of the safety, when turned, is the result of an interaction between a helical recess on the surface of the

cylindrical body of said safety with a crosswise pin fixed to the hammer. Said safety movements make the lower end of its cylindrical body interfere or not with an appropriate stopping pin fixed to the frame. As a result, in case of interference, the hammer cannot be normally operated to effect shots and, in case of no interference, shots are allowed.

Delete the paragraph bridging Pages 2 and 3 and insert therefore the following:

Both positions, activated and deactivated, of the present safety device are characterized and assured thanks to an appropriate mechanical system constituted by a small sphere and corresponding spring, located in a crosswise orifice of the cylindrical body of the safety. The system acts by interference between the sphere and two opposed cavities with located at different heights, located in the internal face of the lodging of said body. Thus, both safety positions, activated and inactivated, are clearly determined.

Page 3, delete the fourth full paragraph and insert therefore the following:

- Fig. 3a is a partial perspective ~~cut view~~ of the safety head and Fig. 3b is a cut view of the whole body, respectively.

Page 3 delete the ninth full paragraph and insert therefore the following:

- Fig. 8 is a view of the frame showing the activated trigger, releasing the locked hammer which movement will be restrained before percussion by the safety pin of the frame.

Page 4, delete the first paragraph through the fourth paragraph and the paragraph bridging Pages 4 and 5 and insert therefore the following:

According to the attached figures, the small serrated higher face (2), mainly plane of the hammer (1), just protrudes from the curved back (22) of the frame, along the whole movement of the hammer (1).

From the frontal part of the face (2) of the hammer (1), the ~~round~~ cylindrical head (6) of the safety (5) protrudes and can be fully lodged in the hole (19) of the hammer.

The safety is formed by the cylindrical head (6) with larger diameter and the prolonged cylindrical body (5). The head is provided on its upper side with a cylindrical hole (7) which is limited below by a hexagonal orifice (8). From the base of the hexagonal orifice, a cylindrical pin (9) is projected and limited upwards by a small depression (10) located below the higher face of the head (6) having rounded edges.

The cylindrical head (6) is also provided with a diametrical non-through hole (11), in which the spring (12) and the sphere (13) of the safety positioning system are inserted in relation to its lodging (19) in the hammer (1), in which internal cylindrical face there are two positioning holes cavities (3) and (4), diametrically opposed and in different heights.

Just below the head (6) in the cylindrical body (5) of the safety, there is a helical recess (16) which, by interacting with the cylindrical pin (15) fixed crosswise in the hammer, causes the lowering and lifting movements of the safety when turned 180° clockwise or anticlockwise by means of the a special key {23} which is insertable in hole (7) over pin (9).

In the lower end surface of the cylindrical body (5) of the

safety, there is a lateral recess (14) which, depending on its turning, will allow the hammer to pass through the stopping pin (18) fixed over the frame, thus allowing movements of said hammer which cause gun shot, figures 2 and 4. In figures 5 and 6, the position of the lower edge with the recess (14) of the cylindrical body (5) of the safety is shown when turned 180° clockwise. Said edge will then interfere with the stopping pin (18) by avoiding to cock (1) the hammer under double or single action.